## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. An isolated nucleic acid encoding an osteoprotegerin binding protein selected from the group consisting of:
- a) the nucleic acid sequence as in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 3);
- b) nucleic acids which hybridize to the polypeptide coding regions as shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 3) and remain hybridized under high stringency conditions; and
- c) nucleic acids which are degenerate to the nucleic acids of (a) or (b).
- 2. The nucleic acid of Claim 1 which is cDNA, genomic DNA, synthetic DNA or RNA.
  - 3. A polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid of Claim 1.

4. The nucleic acid of Claim 1 including one or more codons preferred for <u>Escherichia coli</u> expression.

- 5. The nucleic acid of Claim 1 having a detectable label attached thereto.
- 6. A nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of residues 1-316 and residues 70-316 as shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 7. A nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising amino acid sequence of residues 1-317 and residues 69-317 as shown in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 3);

- 8. A nucleic acid encoding a soluble osteoprotegerin binding protein.
- 9. The nucleic acid of Claim 8 encoding a polypeptide comprising residues 69-317 as shown in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 3) and truncations thereof;
- 10. An expression vector comprising the 10 nucleic acid of Claims 1 and 9.
- 11. The expression vector of Claim 10 wherein the nucleic acid comprises the polypeptide-encoding region as shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and Figure 4 (SEO ID NO: 3);
  - 12. A host cell transformed or transfected with the expression vector of Claim 10.
- 20 13. The host cell of Claim 12 which is a eucaryotic or procaryotic cell.
  - 14. The host cell of Claim 13 which is Escherichia coli.

15. A process for the production of an osteoprotegerin binding protein comprising:

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growing under suitable nutrient conditions host cells transformed or transfected with the nucleic acid of Claim 1; and

isolating the polypeptide product of the expression of the nucleic acid.

16. A polypeptide produced by the process of 35 Claim 15.

17. A purified and isolated osteoprotegerin binding protein, or fragment, analog, or derivative thereof.

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- 18. The protein of Claim 17 which is a human osteoprotegerin.
- 19. The protein of Claim 17 having the amino 10 acid sequence as shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 2) and Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 4).
  - 20. The protein of Claim 17 which has been covalently modified with a water-soluble polymer.

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- 21. The protein of Claim 20 wherein the polymer is polyethylene glycol.
- 22. The protein of Claim 17 which is a 20 soluble osteoprotegerin binding protein.
  - 23. The protein of Claim 22 comprising the amino acid sequence from residues 70-316 inclusive as shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 2), or a fragment, analog, or derivative thereof.
  - 24. The protein of Claim 22 comprising the amino acid sequence from residues 69-317 inclusive as shown in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 4) and truncations thereof.
  - 25. An antibody or fragment thereof which specifically binds an osteoprotegerin binding protein.

- 26. The antibody of Claim 25 which is a monoclonal antibody.
- 27. A method for detecting the presence of an osteoprotegerin binding protein in a biological sample comprising:

incubating the sample with the antibody of Claim 25 under conditions that allow binding of the antibody to the osteoprotegerin binding protein; and detecting the bound antibody.

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28. A method for detecting the presence of osteoprotegerin in a biological sample comprising:

incubating the sample with an osteoprotegerin
binding protein under conditions that allow binding of
the protein to osteoprotegerin; and

measuring the bound osteoprotegerin binding protein.

29. A method to assess the ability of a candidate compound to bind to an osteoprotegerin binding protein comprising:

incubating the osteoprotegerin binding protein with the candidate compound under conditions that allow binding; and

measuring the bound compound.

- 30. The method of Claim 29 wherein the compound is an agonist or an antagonist of an30 osteoprotegerin binding protein.
  - 31. A method of regulating expression of an osteoprotegerin binding protein in an animal comprising administering to the animal a nucleic acid

complementary to the nucleic acids as shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 3).

- 32. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of an osteoprotegerin binding protein in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant, solubilizer, stabilizer and/or anti-oxidant.
- 33. The composition of Claim 32 wherein the osteoprotegerin binding protein is a human osteoprotegerin binding protein.
- 34. A method of preventing or treating bone 15 disease in a mammal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a modulator of an osteoprotegerin binding protein.
- 35. The method of Claim 34 wherein the 20 modulator is a soluble form of an osteoprotegerin binding protein.
- 36. The method of Claim 35 wherein the modulator is an antibody, or fragment thereof, which25 specifically binds an osteoprotegerin binding protein.
- 37. The protein of Claim 22 comprising the amino acid sequence from residues 140-316 inclusive as shown in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO. 4) or a fragment, analog or derivative thereof.
  - 38. The protein of Claim 22 comprising the amino acid sequence from residues 145-316 inclusive as shown in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO. 4) or a fragment, analog or derivative thereof.

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- 39. A method of preventing or treating bone disease in a mammal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a modulator of an osteoclast differentiation and activation receptor.
- 40. The method of Claim 39 wherein the modulator is a soluble form of an osteoclast differentiation and activation receptor.

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41. The method of Claim 39 wherein the modulator is an antibody, or fragment thereof, which specifically binds an osteoclast differentiation and activation factor.

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42. A method to assess the ability of a test compound to increase or decrease binding of osteoprotegerin binding protein to ODAR comprising:

incubating osteoprotegerin binding protein,

20 ODAR and optionally the test compound under conditions
that allow binding of osteoprotegerin binding protein
to ODAR; and

measuring the binding of osteoprotegerin binding protein to ODAR in the absence and presence of the test compound.